# SIGMA-ALDRICH

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SAFETY DATA SHEET

Version 3.15 Revision Date 05/24/2016 Print Date 11/09/2018

## 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

1.1	Product identifiers Product name	:	Fluosilicic acid
	Product Number Brand	:	01302 Sigma-Aldrich
	CAS-No.	:	16961-83-4

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses : Laboratory chemicals, Synthesis of substances

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company	:	Sigma-Aldrich 3050 Spruce Street SAINT LOUIS MO 63103 USA
Telephone Fax	:	+1 800-325-5832 +1 800-325-5052

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency Phone # :	+1-703-527-3887 (CHE	EMTREC)
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#### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

## 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS Classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910 (OSHA HCS) Acute toxicity, Oral (Category 4), H302 Acute toxicity, Dermal (Category 3), H311 Skin corrosion (Category 1), H314 Serious eye damage (Category 1), H318

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

#### 2.2 GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictogram



Signal word	Danger
Hazard statement(s) H302 H311 H314	Harmful if swallowed. Toxic in contact with skin. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Precautionary statement(s)	
P264	Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P270	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P280	Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.
P301 + P312 + P330	IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.

P301 + P330 + P331 P303 + P361 + P353	IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.
P304 + P340 + P310	Rinse skin with water/shower. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for
P305 + P351 + P338 + P310	breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove
	contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.
P362	Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.
P405	Store locked up.
P501	Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

#### **2.3 Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC) or not covered by GHS** Strong hydrogen fluoride-releaser

#### **3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

#### 3.2 Mixtures

Formula	:	H <sub>2</sub> F <sub>6</sub> Si
Molecular weight	:	144.09 g/mol

#### Hazardous components

Component		Classification	Concentration
Hexafluorosilicic acid			
CAS-No. EC-No. Index-No.	16961-83-4 241-034-8 009-011-00-5	Acute Tox. 4; Skin Corr. 1B; Eye Dam. 1; H302, H314	>= 30 - < 50 %
Hydrofluoric acid	7004.00.0		
CAS-No. EC-No. Index-No.	7664-39-3 231-634-8 009-003-00-1	Acute Tox. 2; Acute Tox. 1; Skin Corr. 1A; Eye Dam. 1; H300 + H310 + H330, H314, H318	>= 0.1 - < 1 %

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

#### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

#### General advice

Move out of dangerous area.Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.Hydrofluoric (HF) acid burns require immediate and specialized first aid and medical treatment. Symptoms may be delayed up to 24 hours depending on the concentration of HF. After decontamination with water, further damage can occur due to penetration/absorption of the fluoride ion. Treatment should be directed toward binding the fluoride ion as well as the effects of exposure. Skin exposures can be treated with a 2.5% calcium gluconate gel repeated until burning ceases. More serious skin exposures may require subcutaneous calcium gluconate except for digital areas unless the physician is experienced in this technique, due to the potential for tissue injury from increased pressure. Absorption can readily occur through the subungual areas and should be considered when undergoing decontamination. Prevention of absorption of the fluoride ion in cases of ingestion can be obtained by giving milk, chewable calcium carbonate tablets or Milk of Magnesia to conscious victims. Conditions such as hypocalcemia, hypomagnesemia and cardiac arrhythmias should be monitored for, since they can occur after exposure.

#### If inhaled

If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Consult a physician.

#### In case of skin contact

Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Take victim immediately to hospital. Consult a physician. First treatment with calcium gluconate paste.

#### In case of eye contact

Continue rinsing eyes during transport to hospital. Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and consult a physician.

#### If swallowed

Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water. Consult a physician.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed No data available

#### 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

#### Suitable extinguishing media Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

- Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture 5.2 No data available
- Advice for firefighters 5.3 Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

#### 5.4 **Further information**

## No data available

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures 6.1 Wear respiratory protection. Avoid breathing vapours, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas.

For personal protection see section 8.

**Environmental precautions** 6.2

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains.

- Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up 6.3 Soak up with inert absorbent material and dispose of as hazardous waste. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.
- 6.4 Reference to other sections For disposal see section 13.

#### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

- 7.1 Precautions for safe handling Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. For precautions see section 2.2.
- 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Do not store in glass Storage class (TRGS 510): Non-combustible, acute toxic Cat.3 / toxic hazardous materials or hazardous materials causing chronic effects

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s) Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### 8.1 **Control parameters**

#### Components with workplace control parameters

Hexafluorosilicic acid16961-83-4 16961-83-4TWA2.500000 mg/m3USA. Occupational Expor (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Limit ContaminantsRemarksCAS number varies with compoundTWA2.500000 mg/m3USA. Occupational Expor (OSHA) - Table Z-2TWA2.500000 mg/m3USA. Occupational Expor (OSHA) - Table Z-2TWA2.500000 mg/m3USA. ACGIH Threshold L (TLV)Bone damage Fluorosis Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index (see BEI® section) Not classifiable as a human carcinogen variesHydrofluoric acid7664-39-3TWA0.500000 ppmUSA. ACGIH Threshold L USA. ACGIH Threshold L VA	ts for Air osure Limits Limit Values				
acid       mg/m3       (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Limit Contaminants         Remarks       CAS number varies with compound         TWA       2.500000       USA. Occupational Exposing/mg/m3         mg/m3       (OSHA) - Table Z-2         Z37.28-1969       TWA       2.500000         USA. ACGIH Threshold L       mg/m3       (TLV)         Bone damage       Fluorosis       Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index (see BEI® section)         Not classifiable as a human carcinogen       varies       varies	ts for Air osure Limits Limit Values				
Remarks       CAS number varies with compound         TWA       2.500000       USA. Occupational Export (OSHA) - Table Z-2         Z37.28-1969       Z37.28-1969         TWA       2.500000       USA. ACGIH Threshold L mg/m3         TWA       2.500000       USA. ACGIH Threshold L         Bone damage Fluorosis       Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index (see BEI® section)         Not classifiable as a human carcinogen varies	Limit Values				
TWA       2.500000 mg/m3       USA. Occupational Export (OSHA) - Table Z-2         Z37.28-1969       TWA       2.500000 mg/m3       USA. ACGIH Threshold L (TLV)         Bone damage Fluorosis Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Indet (see BEI® section) Not classifiable as a human carcinogen varies	Limit Values				
mg/m3       (OSHA) - Table Z-2         Z37.28-1969       Z37.28-1969         TWA       2.500000 mg/m3       USA. ACGIH Threshold L (TLV)         Bone damage Fluorosis       Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index (see BEI® section)         Not classifiable as a human carcinogen varies	Limit Values				
Z37.28-1969         TWA       2.500000 mg/m3       USA. ACGIH Threshold L (TLV)         Bone damage Fluorosis Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index (see BEI® section) Not classifiable as a human carcinogen varies					
TWA     2.500000 mg/m3     USA. ACGIH Threshold L (TLV)       Bone damage Fluorosis     Bone damage Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index (see BEI® section)       Not classifiable as a human carcinogen varies					
mg/m3     (TLV)       Bone damage     Fluorosis       Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index (see BEI® section)       Not classifiable as a human carcinogen       varies					
Bone damage Fluorosis Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Inde (see BEI® section) Not classifiable as a human carcinogen varies	x or Indices				
Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index (see BEI® section) Not classifiable as a human carcinogen varies	x or Indices				
(see BEI® section) Not classifiable as a human carcinogen varies	x or Indices				
Not classifiable as a human carcinogen varies					
varies					
Hydrofluoric acid 7664-39-3 TWA 0.500000 ppm UISA ACCIH Throspold I					
(TLV)	∟imit Values				
Upper Respiratory Tract irritation					
Lower Respiratory Tract irritation					
Eye irritation					
Skin irritation					
Fluorosis					
Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Inde	x or indices				
(see BEI® section)					
Danger of cutaneous absorption           C         2.000000 ppm         USA. ACGIH Threshold L	limit Values				
(TLV)	_imit values				
Upper Respiratory Tract irritation					
	Lower Respiratory Tract irritation				
Eye irritation	Eye irritation				
Skin irritation					
Fluorosis					
Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Inde	x or Indices				
(see BEI® section)					
Danger of cutaneous absorption					
TWA 3.000000 ppm USA. Occupational Expos (OSHA) - Table Z-2	sure Limits				
Z37.28-1969					
TWA 2.500000 USA. Occupational Expo	sure Limits				
mg/m3 (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Limit Contaminants	ts for Air				
TWA 2.500000 USA. Occupational Expo	sure Limits				
mg/m3 (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Limit					
Contaminants					
CAS number varies with compound					
TWA 3.000000 ppm USA. NIOSH Recommen	nded				
2.500000 Exposure Limits					
mg/m3					
C 6.00000 ppm USA. NIOSH Recommen	nded				
5.000000 Exposure Limits mg/m3					
15 minute ceiling value See Table Z-2					
TWA 0.5 ppm USA. ACGIH Threshold L	imit Values				
(TLV)					
Upper Respiratory Tract irritation	Respiratory Tract irritation				
Lower Respiratory Tract irritation					

Eye irritation Skin irritation Fluorosis Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index or Indices (see BEI® section) Danger of cutaneous absorption				
C 2 ppm USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)				
Upper Respiratory Tract irritation Lower Respiratory Tract irritation Eye irritation Skin irritation Fluorosis Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index or Indice (see BEI® section) Danger of cutaneous absorption See Table Z-2				
PEL	0.4 ppm 0.33 mg/m3	California permissible exposure limits for chemical contaminants (Title 8, Article 107)		
Skin				
STEL	1 ppm 0.83 mg/m3	California permissible exposure limits for chemical contaminants (Title 8, Article 107)		
Skin				

Biological	occupational	exposure	limits
Dividgioui	ooupational	onpooulo	

Component	CAS-No.	Parameters	Value	Biological specimen	Basis			
Hexafluorosilicic acid	16961-83-4	Fluoride	3.0000 mg/g	Urine	ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)			
	Remarks	Prior to shift (1	Prior to shift (16 hours after exposure ceases)					
		Fluoride	10.0000 mg/g	Urine	ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)			
		End of shift (A	s soon as po	ssible after exposure	e ceases)			
Hydrofluoric acid	7664-39-3	Fluoride	3.0000 mg/g	Urine	ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)			
		Prior to shift (16 hours after exposure ceases)						
		Fluoride	10.0000 mg/g	Urine	ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)			
		End of shift (A	s soon as po	ssible after exposure	e ceases)			
		Fluoride	3.0000 mg/g	Urine	ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)			
		Prior to shift (1	6 hours afte	r exposure ceases)				
Fluori			10.0000 mg/g	Urine	ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)			
		End of shift (A	s soon as po	ssible after exposure	e ceases)			
		Fluoride	2 mg/l	Urine	ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)			
		Prior to shift (1	6 hours afte	r exposure ceases)				

Fluoride	3 mg/l		ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)
End of shift (As soon as possible after exposure ceases)			

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

#### **Appropriate engineering controls**

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

#### Personal protective equipment

#### Eye/face protection

Tightly fitting safety goggles. Faceshield (8-inch minimum). Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

#### Skin protection

Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.

Full contact Material: Nitrile rubber Minimum layer thickness: 0.11 mm Break through time: 480 min Material tested:Dermatril® (KCL 740 / Aldrich Z677272, Size M)

Splash contact Material: Nitrile rubber Minimum layer thickness: 0.11 mm Break through time: 480 min Material tested:Dermatril® (KCL 740 / Aldrich Z677272, Size M)

data source: KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, phone +49 (0)6659 87300, e-mail sales@kcl.de, test method: EN374

If used in solution, or mixed with other substances, and under conditions which differ from EN 374, contact the supplier of the CE approved gloves. This recommendation is advisory only and must be evaluated by an industrial hygienist and safety officer familiar with the specific situation of anticipated use by our customers. It should not be construed as offering an approval for any specific use scenario.

#### **Body Protection**

Complete suit protecting against chemicals, The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.

#### **Respiratory protection**

Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face respirator with multipurpose combination (US) or type ABEK (EN 14387) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

#### Control of environmental exposure

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains.

#### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

a)	Appearance	Form: clear, liquid Colour: light yellow		
b)	Odour	pungent		
c)	Odour Threshold	No data available		
d)	рН	1.0 - 1.2 at 10 g/l		
e)	Melting point/freezing point	No data available		
f)	Initial boiling point and	No data available		
Sigma-Aldrich - 01302				

boiling range

g)	Flash point	No data available	
h)	Evaporation rate	No data available	
i)	Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available	
j)	Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	No data available	
k)	Vapour pressure	No data available	
I)	Vapour density	No data available	
m)	Relative density	1.31 g/cm3	
n)	Water solubility	completely soluble	
o)	Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	No data available	
p)	Auto-ignition temperature	No data available	
q)	Decomposition temperature	No data available	
r)	Viscosity	No data available	
s)	Explosive properties	No data available	
t)	Oxidizing properties	No data available	
Other safety information			

## 9.2 Other safety information No data available

#### **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

#### 10.1 Reactivity No data available

- **10.2 Chemical stability** Stable under recommended storage conditions.
- **10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions** No data available
- **10.4 Conditions to avoid** Reacts dangerously with glass.
- **10.5** Incompatible materials Strong oxidizing agents, Metals, Alkalis, Strong acids, Stoneware, glassglass

# Hazardous decomposition products Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions. - Hydrogen fluoride, silicon oxides Other decomposition products - No data available In the event of fire: see section 5

#### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

LD50 Oral - Rat - 430 mg/kg (Hexafluorosilicic acid) Remarks: Behavioral:Somnolence (general depressed activity).

Inhalation: No data available (Hexafluorosilicic acid)

Dermal: No data available (Hexafluorosilicic acid)

No data available (Hexafluorosilicic acid)

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

No data available (Hexafluorosilicic acid)

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

No data available (Hexafluorosilicic acid)

#### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

No data available (Hexafluorosilicic acid)

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available (Hexafluorosilicic acid)

#### Carcinogenicity

- IARC: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.
- NTP: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.
- OSHA: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

No data available (Hexafluorosilicic acid)

No data available (Hexafluorosilicic acid)

**Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure** No data available (Hexafluorosilicic acid)

#### Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

No data available

Aspiration hazard No data available (Hexafluorosilicic acid)

#### **Additional Information**

#### RTECS: Not available

Material is extremely destructive to tissue of the mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract, eyes, and skin., spasm, inflammation and edema of the larynx, spasm, inflammation and edema of the bronchi, pneumonitis, pulmonary edema, burning sensation, Cough, wheezing, laryngitis, Shortness of breath, Headache, Nausea Fluoride ion can reduce serum calcium levels possibly causing fatal hypocalcemia.

Cough, Shortness of breath, Headache, Nausea, Vomiting (Hexafluorosilicic acid)

Stomach - Irregularities - Based on Human Evidence (Hydrofluoric acid)

## **12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### 12.1 Toxicity No data available

- 12.2 Persistence and degradability No data available
- **12.3 Bioaccumulative potential** No data available
- 12.4 Mobility in soil No data available (Hexafluorosilicic acid)

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment PBT/vPvB assessment not available as chemical safety assessment not required/not conducted

#### 12.6 Other adverse effects

No data available

#### **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### Product

15.

Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company. Contact a licensed professional waste disposal service to dispose of this material. Dissolve or mix the material with a combustible solvent and burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber.

#### Contaminated packaging

Dispose of as unused product.

## **14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

<b>DOT (US)</b> UN number: 1778 Class: 8 Proper shipping name: Fluorosilicic acid Reportable Quantity (RQ):	Packing group: II				
Poison Inhalation Hazard: No					
IMDG UN number: 1778 Class: 8 Proper shipping name: FLUOROSILICIC ACIE	Packing group: II	EMS-No: F-A, S-B			
IATA UN number: 1778 Class: 8 Proper shipping name: Fluorosilicic acid	Packing group: II				
REGULATORY INFORMATION					
SARA 302 Components The following components are subject to reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 302:					
Hydrofluoric acid	CAS-No. 7664-39-3				
<ul> <li>SARA 313 Components</li> <li>This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.</li> <li>SARA 311/312 Hazards</li> <li>Acute Health Hazard</li> </ul>					
					Massachusetts Right To Know Component
Hexafluorosilicic acid Hydrofluoric acid	CAS-No. 16961-83- 7664-39-3				
Pennsylvania Right To Know Components					
Water Hexafluorosilicic acid Hydrofluoric acid	CAS-No. 7732-18-5 16961-83- 7664-39-3	4 1993-04-24			
New Jersey Right To Know Components					
Water	CAS-No. 7732-18-5				
Hexafluorosilicic acid	16961-83-	4 1993-04-24			
California Prop. 65 Components	manue to Otate of Oalifamia to				

This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm.

#### **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

#### Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3.

Acute Tox.	Acute toxicity		
Eye Dam.	Serious eye damage		
H300 + H310 +	Fatal if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled		
H330			
H302	Harmful if swallowed.		
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.		
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.		
H318	Causes serious eye damage.		
Skin Corr.	Skin corrosion		
HMIS Rating			
Health hazard:	3		
Chronic Health Hazard: *			

0

0

#### Flammability: Physical Hazard

NFPA Rating	
Health hazard:	3
Fire Hazard:	0
Reactivity Hazard:	0

#### **Further information**

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#### **Preparation Information**

Sigma-Aldrich Corporation Product Safety – Americas Region 1-800-521-8956

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